As part of the Social Security Amendments of 1972 passed by Congress, doctors of chiropractic were defined as “physicians” and a limited benefit for covered services was established under the Medicare program.

Tommy Thompson, secretary of the Department of Health and Human Services (HHS), appears at the National Chiropractic Legislative Conference (NCLC). ACA, together with Wisconsin DCs, lobby Sec. Thomson for full inclusion of chiropractic services in Medicare.

President Clinton signs the 1997 Balanced Budget Act (Public Law 105-33), which included a provision to eliminate the mandatory x-ray requirement for chiropractic services in the Medicare program.

Congress included in the Medicare Modernization Act of 2003 (MMA, Public Law 108-173) a provision requiring HHS to conduct a two-year chiropractic demonstration project at select sites designed to test expanded access to chiropractic services for America’s seniors.

Demonstration of Expanded Coverage of Chiropractic Service Under Medicare commences on April 1 in Maine, New Mexico, 26 counties in Illinois, 17 counties in Virginia, and one county in Iowa, and allows DCs to bill Medicare Part B for medical, radiology, clinical lab, and certain therapy services related to the treatment of neuromusculoskeletal conditions that DCs are legally permitted to provide according to state practice acts, and as allowed within Medicare rules.

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Demonstration of Expanded Coverage of Chiropractic Services Under Medicare concludes on March 31.

Brief Report to Congress published on the Evaluation of the Demonstration of Expanded Coverage of Chiropractic Services Under Medicare. Data shows that in four of the five demonstration sites, allowing DCs to perform at their full scope of practice saves money or is budget neutral.

ACA Meeting with HHS Secretary Kathleen Sebelius to propose regulatory revisions for coverage of X-rays, evaluation and management services, or other diagnostic or therapeutic services furnished or ordered by a doctor of chiropractic or furnished incident to a chiropractor’s professional service if/when authorized under state law.


ACA meets with HHS to present findings from the Dartmouth/Palmer re-analysis of the demonstration project, with an eye toward estimating what the direct costs of the project might have been under different policy-relevant scenarios.

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Chiropractic in Medicare
Timeline

CMS solicits comments in the 2014 Medicare Physician Fee Schedule Proposed Rule regarding "Chiropractors Billing for Evaluation & Management Services to determine whether there are situations in which E/M services not included in CMT would meet the statutory requirements for chiropractic services and, therefore, could be appropriately billed. ACA, along with all major chiropractic stakeholder organizations, submits comments in response to the request for information.

CMS announces it will increase the value of Chiropractic Manipulative Treatment (CMT) CPT® codes up to 10 percent beginning with the 2014 Physician Fee Schedule. This was the largest increase for any provider group in 2014. Increase in CMT code values was a result of ACA’s long campaign to expand and increase the value of chiropractic services in Medicare.

Sen. Grassley sends letter to HHS inquiring as to why CMS has failed to provide any additional information to the chiropractic profession on the expansion of services under the Medicare program.

ACA, together with officials of the Wisconsin Chiropractic Association, meets with Congressman Paul Ryan (R-Wis.) to discuss the artificial limitation that restricts DCs to providing a single service, and the burdens beneficiaries experience in their efforts to obtain needed services.

ACA House of Delegates approves a resolution to make Medicare parity a top legislative and regulatory priority for the association, emphasizing the importance of allowing chiropractic physicians to practice and be reimbursed to the fullest extent of their licensure, training and competencies.

ACA launches the National Medicare Equality Petition, a national grassroots effort to raise awareness of the current Medicare system shortchanging seniors by arbitrarily limiting full access and reimbursement for medically necessary services delivered by DCs.

2013
Senator Chuck Grassley (R-Iowa) sends letter to CMS administrator Marilyn Tavenner, suggesting that CMS consider the benefits of allowing DC an expanded role within the Medicare program, as doing so would offer the potential to expand access to cost-effectiveness.

2014
ACA, together with officials of the Wisconsin Chiropractic Association, meets with Congressman Paul Ryan (R-Wis.) to discuss the artificial limitation that restricts DCs to providing a single service, and the burdens beneficiaries experience in their efforts to obtain needed services.

2015
ACA House of Delegates approves a resolution to make Medicare parity a top legislative and regulatory priority for the association, emphasizing the importance of allowing chiropractic physicians to practice and be reimbursed to the fullest extent of their licensure, training and competencies.

2015 CMS sends response to Senator Grassley stating several inaccurate reasons as to why they have not move forward with the implementation of the desired regulatory changes to allow DCs to receive reimbursement for additional services under the Medicare program.

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Chiropractic in Medicare Timeline

2016
ACA participates in hundreds of meetings on Capitol Hill, educating legislators on the ACA Medicare initiative.

2018
ACA brings on added muscle by contracting with the Capitol Hill Consulting Group to assist in lobby efforts specific to the Medicare initiative.

2019
H.R. 7157 introduced in the U.S. House of Representatives - the first bill in years aimed at modernizing Medicare coverage.

H.R. 3654, the Chiropractic Medicare Coverage Modernization Act of 2019, which increases Medicare coverage of chiropractic services, introduced in U.S. House of Representatives.

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